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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/616,977	10/616,977 07/11/2003		Renato Caretta	7040.0075.01	2872
22852	7590	07/14/2005		EXAMINER	
	I, HEND	ERSON, FARAB	FISCHER, JUSTIN R		
LLP 901 NEW YO	ORK AVI	ENUE, NW	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413				1733	

DATE MAILED: 07/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/616,977	CARETTA, RENA	ATO				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Justin R. Fischer	1733					
The MAILING DATE of this commun	nication appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence a	ddress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this com - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (1) - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum s - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply any reply received by the Office later than three months earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IICATION. s of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, m munication. 30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum o tatutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) y will, by statute, cause the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed of thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this ne ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>11 July 2003</u> .						
<u> </u>	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition	for allowance except for formal r	matters, prosecution as to th	e merits is				
closed in accordance with the pract	ice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) 30-44 is/are pending in the	application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	are withdrawn from consideration						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>30-44</u> is/are rejected.	·						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restri	ction and/or election requirement	•					
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>11 July 2003</u>	is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ ol	bjected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any obje							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction is required if the draw	wing(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected t	o by the Examiner. Note the attac	ched Office Action or form P	TO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
	documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority							
3. Copies of the certified copies		een received in this National	Stage				
	onal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	mat respired					
* See the attached detailed Office action	or for a list of the certified copies	not received.					
Attachment(s)	_						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F	4) Intervi	ew Summary (PTO-413) No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or		of Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>120803</u> .	6) Other:	·					
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mai	l Date 071105				

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims 30-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 18-34 of U.S. Patent No. 6,457,504. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to form the carcass structure of '504 from a first and second carcass ply (each formed of a pair of strips). In particular, claim 18 of '504 defines a tire having a pair of annular reinforcing structures and at least one carcass ply, wherein said carcass ply is formed of a first and second series of strip sections- it is well known that larger tires are formed with increased reinforcement and in such instances, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have readily appreciated a carcass construction formed of a first and second carcass ply as defined in the claimed invention.

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3. Claims 30-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 17-31 of U.S. Patent No. 6,763,868. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to form the carcass structure of '868 from a first and second carcass ply (each formed of a pair of strips). In particular, claim 17 of '504 defines a tire having a pair of annular reinforcing structures and at least one carcass ply, wherein said carcass ply is formed of a first and second series of strip sections- it is well known that larger tires are formed with increased reinforcement and in such instances, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have readily appreciated a carcass construction formed of a first and second carcass ply as defined in the claimed invention.

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4. Claims 30-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-22 of U.S. Patent No. 6,814,119. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to form the carcass structure of '868 from a first and second carcass ply (each formed of a pair of strips). In particular, claim 2 of '119 defines a tire having a pair of annular reinforcing structures (auxiliary resilient stiffening inserts) and at least one carcass ply, wherein said carcass ply is formed of a first and second series of strip sections- it is well known that larger tires are formed with increased reinforcement and in such instances, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

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of the invention would have readily appreciated a carcass construction formed of a first and second carcass ply as defined in the claimed invention.

5. Claims 30-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 9-16 of U.S. Patent No. 6,899,154. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to form the carcass structure of '868 from a first and second carcass ply (each formed of a pair of strips). In particular, claim 9 of '154 defines a tire having a pair of annular reinforcing structures and at least one carcass ply, wherein said carcass ply is formed of a first and second series of strip sections- it is well known that larger tires are formed with increased reinforcement and in such instances, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have readily appreciated a carcass construction formed of a first and second carcass ply as defined in the claimed invention.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Justin R. Fischer** whose telephone number is **(571) 272-1215**. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Blaine Copenheaver can be reached on (571) 272-1156. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Justin Fischer

July 11, 2005